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A triclinic polymorph of (*E*)-2-(1-hydroxy-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-ylidene)-4,5-dimethoxycyclopent-4-ene-1,3-dione

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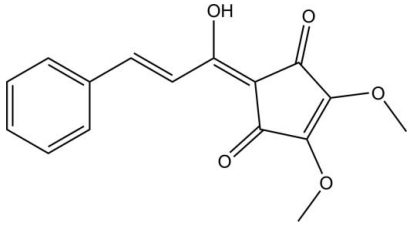
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean σ(C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.036; wR factor = 0.098; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.8.

The title compound, $C_{16}H_{14}O_5$, is a triclinic polymorph of a previously reported monoclinic structure [Hosseinzadeh *et al.* (2011). *Acta Cryst.* E**67**, o1544]. The molecule is roughly planar, the r.m.s. deviation from the least-squares plane of all non-H atoms being 0.092 Å. In the crystal, adjacent molecules are linked through C—H···O hydrogen bonds into an infinite two-dimensional network parallel to (011). The layers are further connected *via* C—H···π interactions, forming a three-dimensional structure. Intramolecular O—H···O and C—H···O hydrogen bonds are also observed.

Related literature

For the crystal structure of the monoclinic polymorph, see: Hosseinzadeh *et al.* (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{14}O_5$
M_r = 286.27
Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$
a = 5.4055 (2) Å
b = 11.2731 (3) Å
c = 11.6441 (3) Å
α = 72.070 (1)°
β = 83.088 (1)°
γ = 77.760 (1)°
V = 658.59 (3) Å^3
Z = 2
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
μ = 0.11 mm^{-1}
T = 100 K
0.26 × 0.19 × 0.11 mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)
T_{min} = 0.973, T_{max} = 0.988
3340 measured reflections
2300 independent reflections
2041 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
R_{int} = 0.010

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)]$ = 0.036
$wR(F^2)$ = 0.098
S = 1.07
2300 reflections
195 parameters
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta\rho_{max}$ = 0.18 e Å^{-3}
$\Delta\rho_{min}$ = −0.25 e Å^{-3}

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg is the centroid of C1–C6 ring.

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O1—H1···O2	0.89 (2)	1.87 (2)	2.6802 (14)	150 (2)
C8—H8···O5	0.95	2.49	3.1015 (17)	122
C15—H15*B*···O3^{i}	0.98	2.49	3.3751 (18)	151
C15—H15*C*···O2^{ii}	0.98	2.49	3.3789 (18)	150
C16—H16*A*···O5^{iii}	0.98	2.56	3.4143 (19)	145
C15—H15*A*···*Cg*^{iv}	0.98	2.71	3.5728 (17)	147

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, -y-1, -z+1$; (ii) $x+1, y, z$; (iii) $-x+2, -y, -z$; (iv) $x+1, y-1, z$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001) and *XP* in *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

Financial support from the University of Malaya is highly appreciated (PPP grant No. PS265/2010B).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PV2504).

References

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Westrip, S. P. (2010). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **43**, 920–925.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E**68**, o453 [**doi:10.1107/S1600536812001043**]

A triclinic polymorph of (*E*)-2-(1-hydroxy-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-ylidene)-4,5-dimethoxycyclopent-4-ene-1,3-dione

M. Hosseinzadeh, M. R. Mukhtar, M. A. Khalilzadeh and H. Khaledi

Comment

The crystal structure of the title compound isolated from *Lindera pipericarpa* recrystallized from dichloromethane has been reported recently in monoclinic system with gross disorder (Hosseinzadeh *et al.*, 2011). In order to obtain a crystal of better quality, we recrystallized the compound from a different solvent, *i. e.*, dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO). The preliminary crystallographic data showed that the new crystals were formed in a triclinic system. The crystal structure of the new polymorph in the triclinic system is reported in this paper.

The title molecule (Fig. 1) is essentially planar [maximum atomic deviation = 0.2836 (13) Å for C16] and shows a higher deviation from planarity than is shown by the monoclinic structure [maximum atomic deviation = 0.064 (5) Å]. The crystal shows a three-dimensional supramolecular strucure formed by intermolecular C—H···O (Fig. 2) and C—H···π interactions (Table 1). In addition, intramolecular O—H···O and C—H···O hydrogen bonds are present.

Experimental

The isolation of the title compound from *Lindera pipericarpa* (Lauraceae) has been reported recently (Hosseinzadeh *et al.*, 2011). Recrystallization of the title compound from DMSO at room temperature resulted in the formation of the triclinic polymorph.

Refinement

The C-bound hydrogen atoms were placed at calculated positions and refined as riding atoms with H—C = 0.95 and 0.99 Å, for sp^2 and methyl H-atoms, respectively. The O-bound H atom was located from a difference Fourier map and refined freely. For all H atoms U_{iso}(H) were set to 1.2–1.5U_{eq}(carrier atom).

Figures

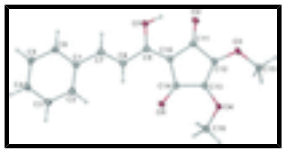


Fig. 1. Molecular structure of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms are drawn as spheres of arbitrary radius.

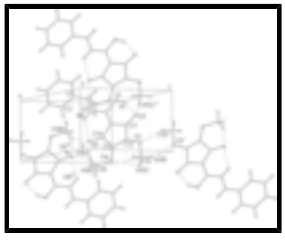


Fig. 2. Intra- and intermolecular O—H···O and C—H···O hydrogen bonding in the structure. Symmetry codes: i = -*x* + 2, -*y* - 1; iii = -*x* + 2, -*y*, -*z*; v = *x*-1, *y*, *z*.

(*E*)-2-(1-hydroxy-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-ylidene)- 4,5-dimethoxycyclopent-4-ene-1,3-dione

Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{14}O_5$	$Z = 2$
$M_r = 286.27$	$F(000) = 300$
Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$	$D_x = 1.444$ Mg m^{-3}
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
$a = 5.4055$ (2) Å	Cell parameters from 2073 reflections
$b = 11.2731$ (3) Å	$\theta = 2.3$–$29.6°$
$c = 11.6441$ (3) Å	$\mu = 0.11$ mm^{-1}
$\alpha = 72.070$ (1)°	$T = 100$ K
$\beta = 83.088$ (1)°	Block, orange
$\gamma = 77.760$ (1)°	0.26 × 0.19 × 0.11 mm
$V = 658.59$ (3) Å^3	

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer	2300 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2041 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{int} = 0.010$
φ and ω scans	$\theta_{max} = 25.3°$, $\theta_{min} = 2.3°$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)	$h = -6 \rightarrow 4$
$T_{min} = 0.973$, $T_{max} = 0.988$	$k = -13 \rightarrow 13$
3340 measured reflections	$l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.098$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$S = 1.07$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0544P)^2 + 0.2122P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2300 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
195 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.18$ e Å^{-3}
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.25$ e Å^{-3}

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations

between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2, conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2. The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc*. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å^2)

	x	*y*	*z*	U_{iso}*/U_{eq}
O1	0.17619 (19)	0.04462 (10)	0.41452 (9)	0.0200 (3)
H1	0.223 (3)	−0.0369 (18)	0.4540 (17)	0.030*
O2	0.46326 (19)	−0.18778 (9)	0.47978 (9)	0.0197 (2)
O3	0.9457 (2)	−0.32456 (9)	0.43272 (9)	0.0213 (3)
O4	1.21886 (19)	−0.14869 (9)	0.22747 (9)	0.0204 (3)
O5	0.84852 (19)	0.09819 (9)	0.16019 (9)	0.0203 (3)
C1	0.0432 (3)	0.42536 (13)	0.20660 (13)	0.0175 (3)
C2	0.2093 (3)	0.48875 (14)	0.11858 (13)	0.0204 (3)
H2	0.3715	0.4439	0.1005	0.024*
C3	0.1391 (3)	0.61581 (14)	0.05797 (13)	0.0217 (3)
H3	0.2530	0.6575	−0.0018	0.026*
C4	−0.0961 (3)	0.68287 (14)	0.08356 (14)	0.0231 (3)
H4	−0.1438	0.7702	0.0412	0.028*
C5	−0.2616 (3)	0.62210 (14)	0.17131 (15)	0.0251 (4)
H5	−0.4224	0.6680	0.1897	0.030*
C6	−0.1921 (3)	0.49427 (14)	0.23222 (14)	0.0215 (3)
H6	−0.3065	0.4532	0.2922	0.026*
C7	0.1065 (3)	0.29054 (13)	0.27304 (13)	0.0182 (3)
H7	−0.0179	0.2566	0.3317	0.022*
C8	0.3218 (3)	0.20994 (13)	0.25971 (12)	0.0173 (3)
H8	0.4496	0.2399	0.2009	0.021*
C9	0.3647 (3)	0.07895 (13)	0.33234 (12)	0.0165 (3)
C10	0.5791 (3)	−0.00870 (13)	0.32366 (12)	0.0165 (3)
C11	0.6157 (3)	−0.13911 (13)	0.40132 (12)	0.0163 (3)
C12	0.8704 (3)	−0.20369 (13)	0.36824 (13)	0.0173 (3)
C13	0.9804 (3)	−0.12165 (13)	0.27535 (12)	0.0165 (3)
C14	0.8051 (3)	0.00484 (13)	0.24166 (12)	0.0159 (3)
C15	1.1901 (3)	−0.39160 (13)	0.39974 (14)	0.0216 (3)
H15A	1.1943	−0.3912	0.3152	0.032*
H15B	1.2173	−0.4794	0.4520	0.032*
H15C	1.3240	−0.3496	0.4097	0.032*
C16	1.2894 (3)	−0.07311 (14)	0.10899 (13)	0.0235 (3)
H16A	1.1761	−0.0760	0.0506	0.035*
H16B	1.4646	−0.1066	0.0861	0.035*
H16C	1.2757	0.0148	0.1094	0.035*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0194 (6)	0.0182 (5)	0.0188 (5)	−0.0031 (4)	0.0024 (4)	−0.0018 (4)
O2	0.0221 (6)	0.0194 (5)	0.0170 (5)	−0.0070 (4)	0.0012 (4)	−0.0029 (4)
O3	0.0243 (6)	0.0130 (5)	0.0212 (5)	−0.0004 (4)	0.0015 (4)	−0.0005 (4)
O4	0.0181 (6)	0.0179 (5)	0.0188 (5)	−0.0011 (4)	0.0028 (4)	0.0010 (4)
O5	0.0219 (6)	0.0161 (5)	0.0187 (5)	−0.0027 (4)	0.0019 (4)	−0.0007 (4)
C1	0.0187 (8)	0.0187 (7)	0.0162 (7)	−0.0039 (6)	−0.0020 (6)	−0.0059 (6)
C2	0.0188 (8)	0.0199 (7)	0.0209 (7)	−0.0007 (6)	0.0015 (6)	−0.0065 (6)
C3	0.0226 (8)	0.0202 (7)	0.0207 (8)	−0.0056 (6)	0.0028 (6)	−0.0041 (6)
C4	0.0235 (8)	0.0163 (7)	0.0258 (8)	−0.0011 (6)	−0.0030 (6)	−0.0020 (6)
C5	0.0177 (8)	0.0214 (8)	0.0323 (9)	0.0011 (6)	−0.0001 (6)	−0.0059 (7)
C6	0.0181 (8)	0.0205 (7)	0.0236 (8)	−0.0042 (6)	0.0023 (6)	−0.0040 (6)
C7	0.0195 (8)	0.0194 (7)	0.0162 (7)	−0.0051 (6)	−0.0010 (6)	−0.0048 (6)
C8	0.0183 (7)	0.0174 (7)	0.0155 (7)	−0.0039 (6)	−0.0009 (6)	−0.0035 (6)
C9	0.0188 (8)	0.0185 (7)	0.0135 (7)	−0.0059 (6)	−0.0001 (6)	−0.0049 (6)
C10	0.0202 (8)	0.0154 (7)	0.0139 (7)	−0.0045 (6)	−0.0010 (6)	−0.0034 (6)
C11	0.0201 (7)	0.0178 (7)	0.0133 (7)	−0.0063 (6)	−0.0010 (6)	−0.0058 (6)
C12	0.0220 (8)	0.0131 (7)	0.0163 (7)	−0.0030 (6)	−0.0028 (6)	−0.0032 (6)
C13	0.0175 (7)	0.0162 (7)	0.0157 (7)	−0.0023 (6)	−0.0012 (6)	−0.0052 (6)
C14	0.0184 (7)	0.0151 (7)	0.0146 (7)	−0.0037 (5)	−0.0026 (5)	−0.0042 (6)
C15	0.0201 (8)	0.0153 (7)	0.0256 (8)	−0.0011 (6)	0.0012 (6)	−0.0029 (6)
C16	0.0217 (8)	0.0226 (8)	0.0182 (8)	0.0001 (6)	0.0054 (6)	0.0005 (6)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C9	1.3447 (17)	C5—H5	0.9500
O1—H1	0.89 (2)	C6—H6	0.9500
O2—C11	1.2316 (17)	C7—C8	1.342 (2)
O3—C12	1.3396 (17)	C7—H7	0.9500
O3—C15	1.4480 (17)	C8—C9	1.443 (2)
O4—C13	1.3528 (17)	C8—H8	0.9500
O4—C16	1.4360 (17)	C9—C10	1.370 (2)
O5—C14	1.2244 (17)	C10—C11	1.4558 (19)
C1—C6	1.394 (2)	C10—C14	1.461 (2)
C1—C2	1.402 (2)	C11—C12	1.481 (2)
C1—C7	1.465 (2)	C12—C13	1.357 (2)
C2—C3	1.380 (2)	C13—C14	1.5026 (19)
C2—H2	0.9500	C15—H15A	0.9800
C3—C4	1.384 (2)	C15—H15B	0.9800
C3—H3	0.9500	C15—H15C	0.9800
C4—C5	1.387 (2)	C16—H16A	0.9800
C4—H4	0.9500	C16—H16B	0.9800
C5—C6	1.388 (2)	C16—H16C	0.9800
C9—O1—H1	107.7 (12)	C10—C9—C8	125.01 (13)
C12—O3—C15	118.30 (11)	C9—C10—C11	122.86 (13)

C13—O4—C16	119.37 (11)	C9—C10—C14	129.76 (13)
C6—C1—C2	118.33 (13)	C11—C10—C14	107.39 (12)
C6—C1—C7	118.69 (13)	O2—C11—C10	126.61 (13)
C2—C1—C7	122.98 (13)	O2—C11—C12	125.92 (13)
C3—C2—C1	120.58 (14)	C10—C11—C12	107.47 (12)
C3—C2—H2	119.7	O3—C12—C13	133.61 (13)
C1—C2—H2	119.7	O3—C12—C11	117.03 (12)
C2—C3—C4	120.50 (14)	C13—C12—C11	109.35 (12)
C2—C3—H3	119.8	O4—C13—C12	124.39 (13)
C4—C3—H3	119.8	O4—C13—C14	125.90 (12)
C3—C4—C5	119.72 (14)	C12—C13—C14	109.54 (12)
C3—C4—H4	120.1	O5—C14—C10	128.48 (13)
C5—C4—H4	120.1	O5—C14—C13	125.30 (13)
C4—C5—C6	119.99 (14)	C10—C14—C13	106.22 (11)
C4—C5—H5	120.0	O3—C15—H15A	109.5
C6—C5—H5	120.0	O3—C15—H15B	109.5
C5—C6—C1	120.88 (13)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C5—C6—H6	119.6	O3—C15—H15C	109.5
C1—C6—H6	119.6	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C8—C7—C1	126.79 (13)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C8—C7—H7	116.6	O4—C16—H16A	109.5
C1—C7—H7	116.6	O4—C16—H16B	109.5
C7—C8—C9	121.76 (13)	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C7—C8—H8	119.1	O4—C16—H16C	109.5
C9—C8—H8	119.1	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
O1—C9—C10	119.60 (13)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
O1—C9—C8	115.38 (12)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg is the centroid of C1–C6 ring.

D—H···*A*	*D*—H	H···*A*	*D*···*A*	*D*—H···*A*
O1—H1···O2	0.89 (2)	1.87 (2)	2.6802 (14)	150 (2)
C8—H8···O5	0.95	2.49	3.1015 (17)	122.
C16—H16C···O5	0.98	2.38	2.8600 (18)	110.
C15—H15B···O3^{i}	0.98	2.49	3.3751 (18)	151.
C15—H15C···O2^{ii}	0.98	2.49	3.3789 (18)	150.
C16—H16A···O5^{iii}	0.98	2.56	3.4143 (19)	145.
C15—H15A···Cg^{iv}	0.98	2.71	3.5728 (17)	147.

Symmetry codes: (i) −*x*+2, −*y*−1, −*z*+1; (ii) *x*+1, *y*, *z*; (iii) −*x*+2, −*y*, −*z*; (iv) *x*+1, *y*−1, *z*.

Fig. 1

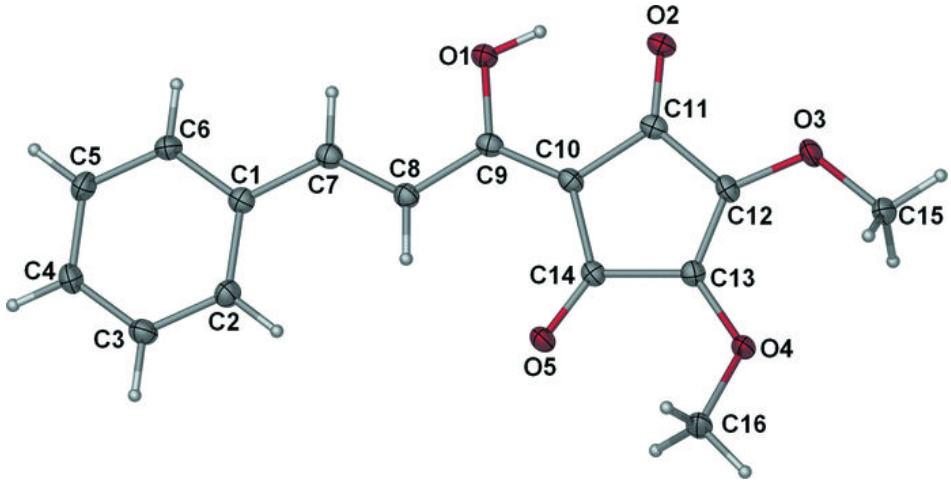
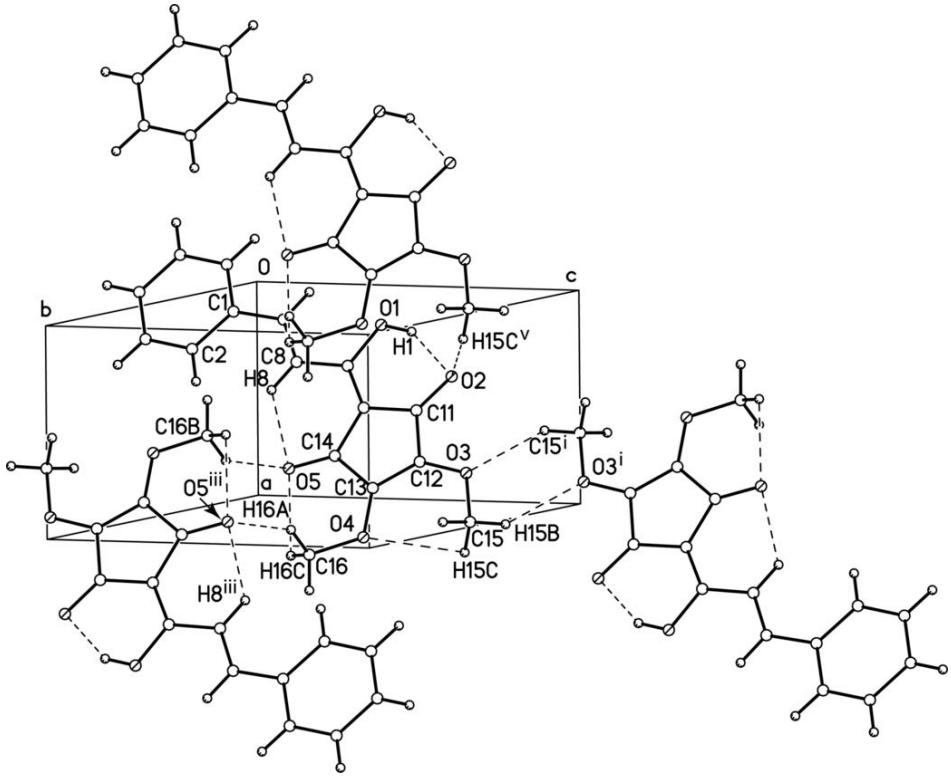


Fig. 2


O
c
b
C1
O1
H15C^{v}
C2
C8
H1
H8
O2
C11
C16B
C14
C15^{i}
O3
O3^{i}
O5^{iii}
a
O5
C13
C12
H16A
O4
C15
H15B
H16C
C16
H15C
H8^{iii}